IMPORTANT – THIS COMMUNICATION AFFECTS YOUR PROPERTY TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 (AS AMENDED BY THE PLANNING AND COMPENSATION ACT 1991)

ENFORCEMENT NOTICE - OPERATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

ISSUED BY: SOUTH LAKELAND DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. **THIS NOTICE** is issued by the South Lakeland District Council ("the Council") because it appears to them that there has been a breach of planning control, within paragraph (a) of Section 171A(1) of the above Act, at the land described below. They consider that it is expedient to issue this notice, having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to other material planning considerations. The Annex at the end of the notice and the enclosures to which it refers contain important additional information.

2. THE LAND TO WHICH THE NOTICE RELATES:-

Land at 1 Alderwood, Kendal, Cumbria as shown edged red on the attached plan ("the Land").

3. THE MATTERS WHICH APPEAR TO CONSTITUTE THE BREACH OF PLANNING CONTROL

Without planning permission operational development comprising of the following:

- the erection of a timber fence and gates of a height of over one metre adjacent to the highway used by vehicular traffic, in the location shown by a blue line between the points A and B on the attached plan; and
- the laying of a hard surface of an area exceeding 5 square metres in a location which was formerly a soft landscaped garden, comprising stone flags with cement joints with no provision for drainage in the area shown hatched black on the attached plan.

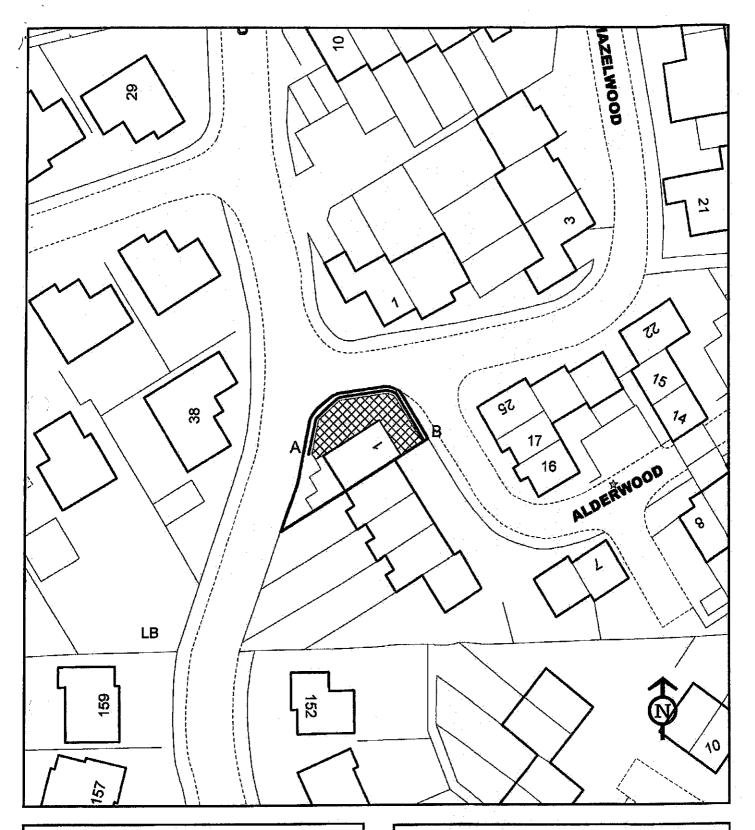
4. REASONS FOR ISSUING THIS NOTICE

It appears to the Council that the above breach of planning control has occurred within the last four years.

It is considered expedient to take this action in the interests of the amenity of the area. The unauthorised fence and gates by reason of their siting, scale, bulk and design are out of character with the open plan appearance of the surrounding residential area and has a detrimental appearance on the locality. The other gardens within the area are of an open nature. The unauthorised fence and gates cause an injury to visual amenity.

The unauthorised fence and gates also have an adverse impact on highway users by virtue of their proximity to the highway both from their visual impact and the restrictions that they cause in visibility when vehicles are exiting Alderwood and Hazelwood. To allow a fence and gates of this style and colour and height to remain in this location would be an undesirable precedent and would make it difficult for the Council to restrain other residents from seeking to construct similar boundary features.

The hard standing is in excess of that prescribed in the Schedule 2 Part 1 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 class F which allows up to 5 square metres of surfacing without the requirement for drainage provision. Hard surfacing in excess of this area requires drainage provision on site or water directed to a porous area. The hard surfacing is of an area in excess of 5 square metres with no drainage provision. The stone flagged area covers 80% of the external area to the dwelling and as such is not in keeping and is out of character with the area. Compliance with



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Development Control Group South Lakeland District Council South Lakeland House Lowther Street KENDAL, Cumbria LA9 4DL

Site Geocode: E350747 N 491898
April 2014 Enforcement ref: 13/193

Scale 1:500

paragraph 5 (1) below would reveal views into the site, highlighting the hard landscaping which is incongruous in this open residential area.

A retrospective application (SL 2013/0895) was made to retain the fence but the application was refused by the Council by a decision dated 4th December 2013.

The unauthorised development is contrary to the National Planning Policy Framework ("NPPF"). In particular section 207 of the NPPF states that effective enforcement is important as a means of maintaining confidence in the planning system. The unauthorised development is also contrary to policy S2 of the Council's local plan which makes reference to the need for appropriate siting and materials. The unauthorised development is also contrary to the Council's Core Strategy Policy CS8.2 which states (amongst other matters) that development proposals should demonstrate that their location, scale, design and material will protect, conserve and, where possible, enhance the special qualities and local distinctiveness of the area.

The Council do not consider that planning permission should be given because planning conditions could not overcome these objections to the development.

5. WHAT YOU ARE REQUIRED TO DO

- Remove all parts of the wooden fencing and gates on the Land that exceed 1 metre above in height above ground level (for this purpose ground level at any point is to be to be measured from the level of the immediately adjacent metalled part of the highway); and
- (2) Remove sufficient stone flags from the Land so that only 5 square metres of stone flagging remains on the Land; and
- (3) Remove from the Land all materials associated with compliance with paragraphs 5(1) and 5(2) above; and
- (4) Return the part of the Land affected by compliance with paragraph 5(2) above to a soft landscaped garden in appearance.

6. TIME FOR COMPLIANCE

- (1) For the steps required at paragraphs 5(1) to 5(3) above –Six weeks.
- (2) For the steps required at paragraph 5(4) above -2 calendar months.

7. WHEN THIS NOTICE TAKES EFFECT

This Notice takes effect on 12 June 2014 unless an appeal is made against it beforehand.

Dated 29 April 2014

Signed.......

Matthew Neal

Solicitor to the Council

On behalf of:-

South Lakeland District Council of South Lakeland House, Lowther Street, KENDAL, Cumbria LA9 4UQ

ANNEX

YOUR RIGHT OF APPEAL

You can appeal against this notice, but any appeal must be received, or posted in time to be received, by the Secretary of State before the date specified in paragraph 7 of the notice.

You must submit to the Secretary of State either when giving notice of appeal or within 14 days of the Secretary of State giving notice so requiring a written statement specifying the grounds on which you are appealing against the enforcement notice and stating briefly the facts on which you are proposing to rely in support of each of those grounds.

FEES PAYABLE ON APPEAL

Pursuant to Regulation 10 of the Town and Country Planning Act (Fees for Applications and Deemed Applications) Regulations 1989 the following fees must be paid to the local planning authority and the planning Inspectorate respectively upon submission of an appeal;

Local Planning Authority

£172.

Planning Inspectorate

£172.

WHAT HAPPENS IF YOU DO NOT APPEAL

If you do not appeal against this enforcement notice, it will take effect on the date specified in paragraph 7 of the notice and you must then ensure that the required steps for complying with it, and for which you may be held responsible are taken within the period specified in paragraph 6 of the notice. Failure to comply with an enforcement notice, which has taken effect, can result in prosecution and/or remedial action by the Council.

PERSONS TO WHOM THIS ENFORCEMENT NOTICE HAS BEEN SERVED

In accordance with the legislation this enforcement notice has been served on the following individual;

- Mrs. Christine Elaine Dowker
 Alderwood Kendal Cumbria LA9 5EF
- Mr. Christopher Charles Dowker
 1 Alderwood
 Kendal
 Cumbria
 LA9 5EF
- Southern Pacific Mortgage Limited 10-18 Union Street LONDON SE1 1SZ

RELEVANT STATUTORY PROVISIONS RELATING TO THIS ENFORCEMENT NOTICE PLEASE READ THESE NOTES CAREFULLY

171A - Expressions used in connection with enforcement

- (1) For the purposes of this Act -
- (a) carrying out development without the required planning permission or;
- (b) failing to comply with any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission has been granted,

constitutes a breach of planning control.

- (2) For the Purposes of this Act --
- (a) the issue of an enforcement notice (defined in section 172); or
- (b) the service of a breach of condition notice (defined in section 187A), constitutes taking enforcement action.
- (3) In this Part "planning permission" includes permission under Part III of the 1947 Act, of the 1962 Act or of the 1971 Act.

171B - Time Limits

- (1) Where there has been a breach of planning control consisting in the carrying out without planning permission of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land, no enforcement action may be taken after the end of the period of four years beginning with the date on which the operations were substantially completed.
- (2) Where there has been a breach of planning control consisting in the change of use of any building to use as a single dwellinghouse, no enforcement action may be taken after the end of the period of four years beginning with the date of the breach.
- (3) In the case of any other breach of planning control, no enforcement action may be taken after the end of the period of ten years beginning with the date of the breach.
- (4) The preceding subsections do not prevent -
 - (a) the service of a breach of condition notice in respect of any breach of planning control if an enforcement notice in respect of the breach is in effect; or
 - (b) taking further enforcement action in respect of any breach of planning control if, during the period of four years ending with that action being taken, the local planning authority have taken or purported to take action in respect of that breach.

172 - Issue of enforcement notice

- (1) The local planning authority may issue a notice (in this Act referred to as an "enforcement notice") where it appears to them-
 - (a) that there has been a breach of planning control; and
 - (b) that it is expedient to issue the notice, having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to any other material considerations.
- (2) A copy of an enforcement notice shall be served -
 - (a) on the owner and on the occupier of the land to which it relates; and
 - (b) on any other person having an interest in the land, being an interest which, in the opinion of the authority, is materially affected by the notice.

- (3) The service of the notice shall take place -
 - (a) not more than twenty-eight days after its date of issue; and
 - (b) not less than twenty-eight days before the date specified in it as the date on which it is to take effect

173 - Contents and effect of notice

- (1) An enforcement notice shall state -
 - (a) the matters which appear to the local planning authority to constitute the breach of planning control; and
 - (b) the paragraph of section 171A(1) within which, in the opinion of the authority, the breach falls.
- (2) A notice complies with section (1)(a) if it enables any person on whom a copy of it is served to know what these matters are
- (3) An enforcement notice shall specify the steps which the authority require to be taken, or the activities which the authority require to cease, in order to achieve, wholly or partly, any of the following purposes.
- (4) Those purposes are -
 - (a) remedying the breach by making any development comply with the terms (including conditions and limitations) of any planning permission which has been granted in respect of the land, by discontinuing any use of the land or by restoring the land to its condition before the breach took place; or
 - (b) Remedying any injury to amenity which has been caused by the breach.
- (5) An enforcement notice may, for example, require -
 - (a) the alteration or removal of any buildings or works;
 - (b) the carrying out of any building or other operations;
 - (c) any activity on the land not to be carried on except to the extent specified in the notice; or
 - (d) the contour of a deposit of refuse or waste materials on land to be modified by altering the gradients of its sides.
- (6) Where an enforcement notice is issued in respect of a breach of planning control consisting of demolition of a building, the notice may require the construction of a building (in this section referred to as a "replacement building") which, subject to subsection (7), is as similar as possible to the demolished building.
- (7) A replacement building -
 - (a) must comply with any requirement imposed by any enactment applicable to the construction of the buildings;
 - (b) may differ from the demolished building in any respect which, if the demolished building had been altered in that respect, would not have constituted a breach of planning control;
 - (c) must comply with any regulations made for the purposes of this subsection (including regulations modifying paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (8) An enforcement notice shall specify the date on which it is to take effect and, subject to sections 175(4) and 289(4A), shall take effect on that date.
- (9) An enforcement notice shall specify the period at the end of which any steps are required to have been taken or any activities are required to have ceased and may specify different periods for different steps or activities; and where different periods apply to different steps or activities, references in this Part to the period for compliance with an enforcement notice, in

relation to any step or activity, are to the period at the end of which the step is required to have been taken or the activity is required to have ceased.

- (10) An enforcement notice shall specify such additional matters as may be prescribed, and regulations may require every copy of an enforcement notice service under section 172 to be accompanied by an explanatory note giving prescribed information as to the right of appeal under section 174.
- (11) Where -
 - (a) an enforcement notice in respect of any breach of planning control could have required any buildings or works to be removed or activity to cease, but does not do so; and
 - (b) all the requirements of the notice have been complied with,

then, so far as the notice did so require, planning permission shall be treated as having been granted by virtue of section 73A in respect of development consisting of the construction of the buildings or works or, as the case may be, the carrying out of the activities.

- (12) Where -
 - (a) an enforcement notice requires the construction of a replacement building; and
- (b) all the requirements of the notice with respect to that construction have been complied with,

Planning permission shall be treated as having been granted by virtue of section 73A in respect of development consisting of that construction.

173A - Variation and Withdrawal of enforcement notices

- (1) The local planning authority may -
 - (a) withdraw an enforcement notice issued by them; or
 - (b) waive or relax any requirement of such notice and, in particular, may extend any period specified in accordance with section 173(9).
- (2) The powers conferred by subsection (1) may be exercised whether or not the notice has taken effect.
- (3) The local planning authority shall, immediately after exercising the powers conferred by subsection (1), give notice of the exercise to every person who has been served with a copy of the enforcement notice or would, if the notice were re-issued, be served with a copy of it.
- (4) The withdrawal of an enforcement notice does not affect the power of the local planning authority to issue a further enforcement notice.

174 - Appeal against enforcement notice

- 1) A person having an interest in the land to which an enforcement notice relates or a relevant occupier may appeal to the Secretary of State against the notice, whether or not a copy of it has been served on him.
- (2) An appeal may be brought on any of the following grounds—
 - (a) that planning permission ought to be granted for the development to which the notice relates or, as the case may be, that a condition or limitation alleged in the enforcement notice not to have been complied with ought to be discharged;
 - (b) that those matters have not occurred
 - (c) that the matters (if they occurred) do not constitute a breach of planning control;

- (d) that at the date when the notice was issued, no enforcement action could be taken in respect of any breach of planning control which may be constituted by those matters;
- (e) that copies of the enforcement notice were not served as required by section 172;
- (f) that the steps required by the notice to be taken, or the activities required by the notice to cease, exceed what is necessary to remedy any breach of planning control which may be constituted by those matters or, as the case may be, to remedy any injury to amenity which has been caused by any such breach;
- (g) that any period specified in the notice in accordance with section 173(9) falls short of what should reasonably be allowed.
- (3) An appeal under this section shall be made either-
 - (a) by giving written notice of the appeal to the Secretary of State before the date specified in the enforcement notice as the date on which it is to take effect; or
 - (b) by sending such notice to him in a properly addressed and pre-paid letter posted to him at such time that, in the ordinary course of post, it would be delivered to him before that date
- (4) A person who gives notice under subsection (3) shall submit to the Secretary of State, either when giving the notice or within the prescribed time, a statement in writing—
 - (a) specifying the grounds on which he is appealing against the enforcement notice; and
 - (b) giving such further information as may be prescribed.
- (5) If, where more than one ground is specified in that statement, the appellant does not give information required under subsection (4)(b) in relation to each of those grounds within the prescribed time, the Secretary of State may determine the appeal without considering any ground as to which the appellant has failed to give such information within that time.
- (6) In this section "relevant occupier" means a person who-
 - (a) on the date on which the enforcement notice is issued occupies the land to which the notice relates by virtue of a licence in writing; and
 - (b) continues so to occupy the land when the appeal is brought.

175 - Appeals: supplementary provisions

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations prescribe the procedure which is to be followed on appeals under section 174 and, in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of this subsection, may—
 - (a) require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the submissions which they propose to put forward on the appeal;
 - (b) specify the matters to be included in such a statement;
 - (c) require the authority or the appellant to give such notice of such an appeal as may be prescribed;
 - (d) require the authority to send to the Secretary of State, within such period from the date of the bringing of the appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons served with copies of it.
- (2) The notice to be prescribed under subsection (1)(c) shall be such notice as in the opinion of the Secretary of State is likely to bring the appeal to the attention of persons in the locality in which the land to which the enforcement notice relates is situated.
 - (3) Subject to section 176(4), the Secretary of State shall, if either the appellant or the local planning authority so desire, give each of them an opportunity of appearing before and being

heard by a person appointed by the Secretary of State for the purpose.

- (4) Where an appeal is brought under section 174 the enforcement notice shall subject to any order under section 289(4A) be of no effect pending the final determination or the withdrawal of the appeal.
- (5) Where any person has appealed to the Secretary of State against an enforcement notice, no person shall be entitled, in any other proceedings instituted after the making of the appeal, to claim that the notice was not duly served on the person who appealed.
- (6) Schedule 6 applies to appeals under section 174, including appeals under that section as applied by regulations under any other provisions of this Act.
- (7) Subsection (5) of section 250 of the Local Government Act 1972 (which authorises a Minister holding an inquiry under that section to make orders with respect to the costs of the parties) shall apply in relation to any proceedings before the Secretary of State on an appeal under section 174 as if those proceedings were an inquiry held by the Secretary of State under section 250.

176 – General provisions relating to determination of appeals

- (1) On an appeal under section 174, the Secretary of State may-
 - (a) correct any defect, error or misdescription in the enforcement notice; or
 - (b) vary the terms of the enforcement notice

if he is satisfied that the correction or variation will not cause injustice to the appellant or the local planning authority

- (2) Where the Secretary of State determines to allow the appeal, he may quash the notice.
- (2A) The Secretary of State shall give any directions necessary to give effect to his determination on the appeal.
- (3) The Secretary of State—
 - (a) may dismiss an appeal if the appellant fails to comply with section 174(4) within the prescribed time; and
 - (b) may allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice if the local planning authority fail to comply with any requirement of regulations made by virtue of paragraph (a), (b), or (d) of section 175(1) within the prescribed period.
- (4) If the Secretary of State proposes to dismiss an appeal under paragraph (a) of subsection (3) or to allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice under paragraph (b) of that subsection, he need not comply with section 175(3).
- (5) Where it would otherwise be a ground for determining an appeal under section 174 in favour of the appellant that a person required to be served with a copy of the enforcement notice was not served, the Secretary of State may disregard that fact if neither the appellant nor that person has been substantially prejudiced by the failure to serve him.

177 - Grant or modification of planning permission on appeals against enforcement notices

- (1) On the determination of an appeal under section 174, the Secretary of State may—
 - (a) grant planning permission in respect of the matters stated in the enforcement notice as constituting a breach of planning control, whether in relation to the whole or any part of those matters or in relation to the whole or any part of the land to which the notice relates;

- (b) discharge any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted;
- (c) determine whether, on the date on which the appeal was made, any existing use of the land was lawful, any operations which had been carried out in, on, over or under the land were lawful or any matter constituting a failure to comply with any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted was lawful and, if so, issue a certificate under section 191.
- (1A) The provisions of sections 191 to 194 mentioned in subsection (1B) shall apply for the purposes of subsection (1)(c) as they apply for the purposes of section 191, but as if-
 - (a) any reference to an application for a certificate were a reference to the appeal and any reference to the date of such an application were a reference to the date on which the appeal is made; and
 - (b) references to the local planning authority were references to the Secretary of State.
- (1B) Those provisions are: sections 191(5) to (7), 193(4) (so far as it relates to the form of the certificate), (6) and (7) and 194.
- (2) In considering whether to grant planning permission under subsection (1), the Secretary of State shall have regard to the provisions of the development plan, so far as material to the subject matter of the enforcement notice, and to any other material considerations.
- (3) The planning permission that may be granted under subsection (1) is any planning permission that might be granted on an application under Part III.
- (4) Where under subsection (1) the Secretary of State discharges a condition or limitation, he may substitute another condition or limitation for it, whether more or less onerous.
- (5) Where an appeal against an enforcement notice is brought under section 174, the appellant shall be deemed to have made an application for planning permission in respect of the matters stated in the enforcement notice as constituting a breach of planning control.

(5A) Where-

- (a) the statement under subsection (4) of section 174 specifies the ground mentioned in subsection (2)(a) of that section;
- (b) any fee is payable under regulations made by virtue of section 303 in respect of the application deemed to be made by virtue of the appeal; and
- (c) the Secretary of State gives notice in writing to the appellant specifying the period within which the fee must be paid.

then, if the fee is not paid within that period, the appeal, so far as brought on that ground, and the application shall lapse at the end of that period.

- (6) Any planning permission granted under subsection (1) on an appeal shall be treated as granted on the application deemed to have been made by the appellant.
- (7) In relation to a grant of planning permission or a determination under subsection (1) the Secretary of State's decision shall be final.
- (8) For the purposes of section 69 the Secretary of State's decision shall be treated as having been given by him in dealing with an application for planning permission made to the local planning authority.